

T&D Deferral – Hinesburg

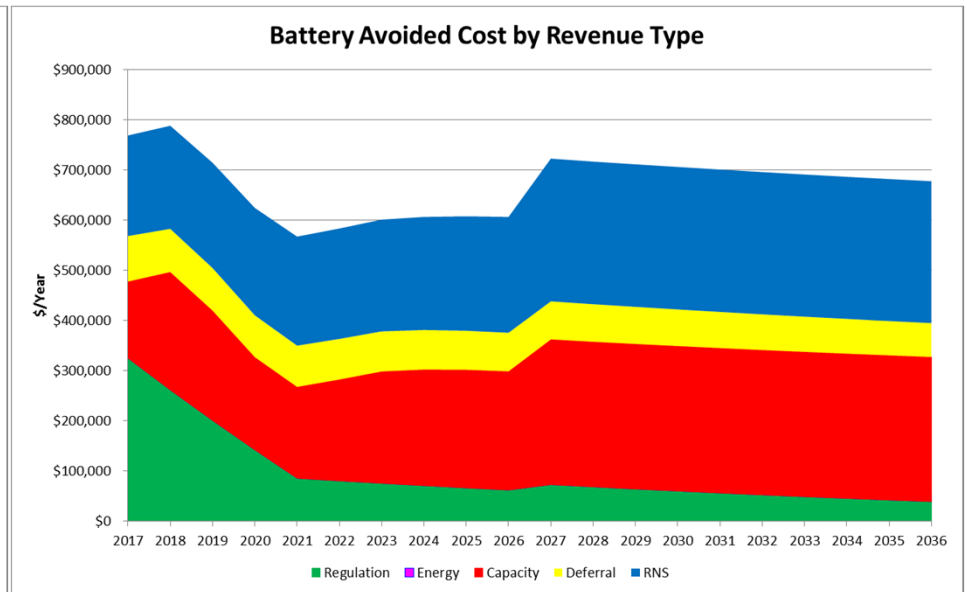
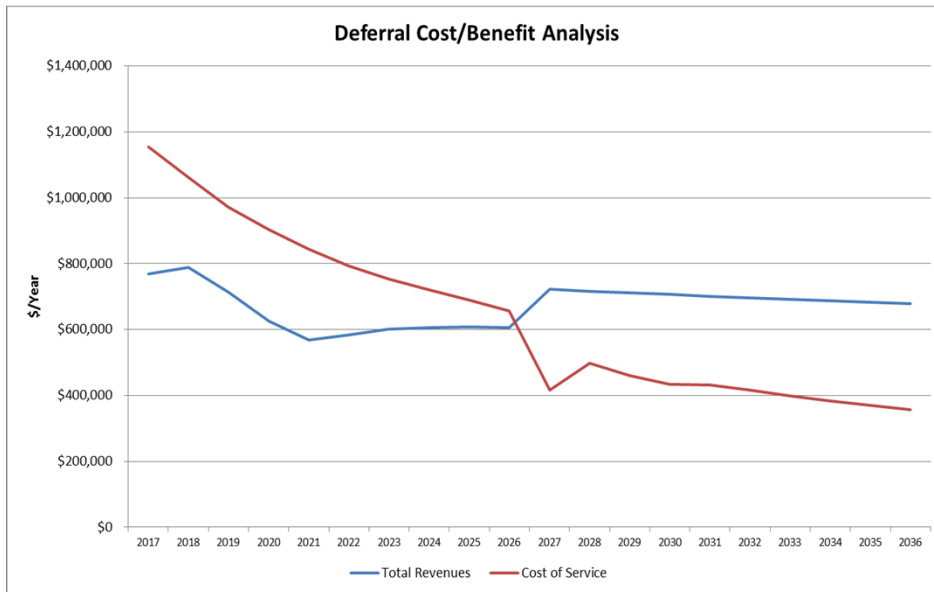
DRAFT

September 21, 2016

Assumptions

- Scenario 1
 - 500 kW load growth every year for five years
 - Limited reliability use – a few hours per year
 - Hit 90% of peaks for capacity and transmission
 - Available for regulation 90% of hours
- Scenario 2
 - 500 kW load growth every year for ten years
 - Reliability support 450/hours per year
 - Hit 40% of peaks
 - Available for regulation 75% of hours
- Both assume:
 - Limited Regulation market benefit
 - Deferral benefit
 - 3 MW battery with 6 MWh output
 - Run for 3 hours at 2 MW for peak shaving
 - Battery repowered after 10 years which is why the expenses dip in year 11
 - Rate base model

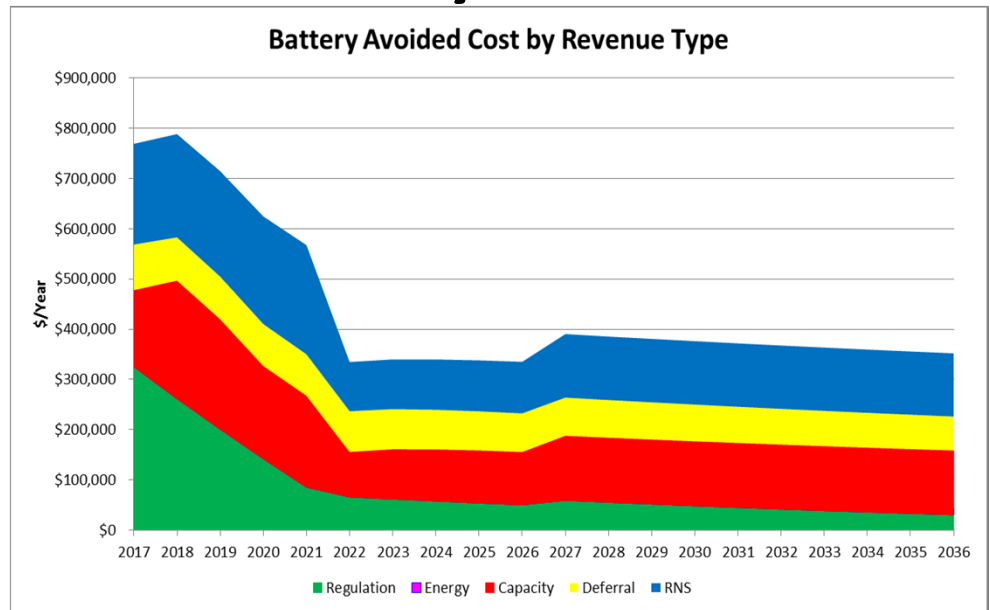
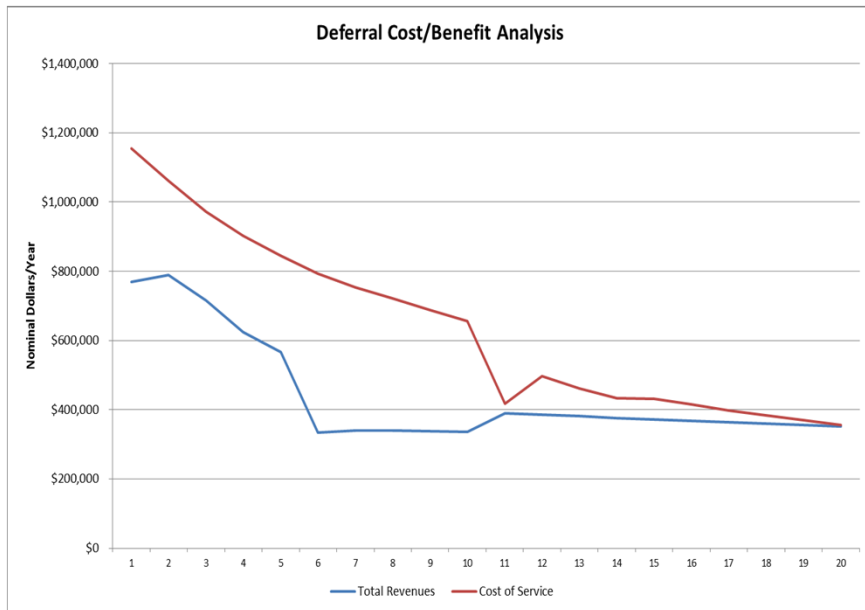
Scenario 1 – Limited Reliability Use



<i>NPV Analysis</i>	
Levelized Benefit	\$7,115,660
Levelized Cost	\$7,721,646
Net	(\$605,986)

- Limited use for reliability allows battery to focus on merchant activities

Scenario 2 – Reliability Use



<i>NPV Analysis</i>	
Levelized Benefit	\$5,177,976
Levelized Cost	\$7,721,646
Net	(\$2,543,670)

- Reliability use for approximately 450 hours per year starting in year six
- Limited ability to shave peaks due to reliability support during high load periods which generally match capacity and transmission (RNS) peaks